

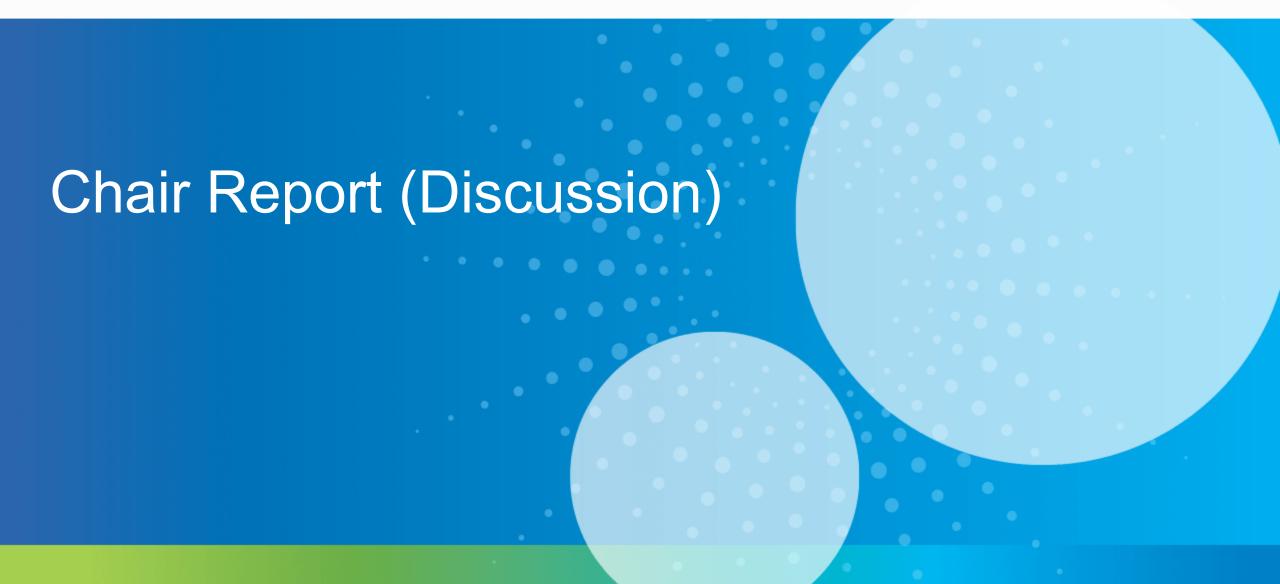
# Peninsula Clean Energy Board of Directors Regular Meeting

February 22, 2024

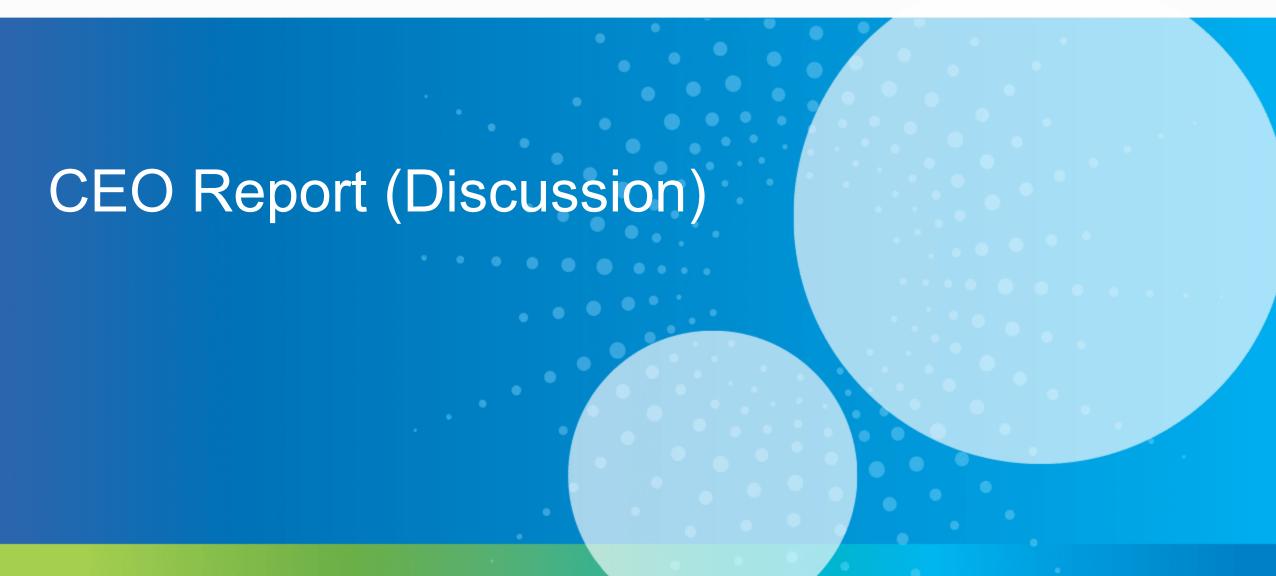
### Agenda

- Call to Order / Roll Call
- Public Comment (for items not on the Agenda)
  - o Please note, send any chats to Board Clerk, Nelly Wogberg
- Action to set the Agenda and Approve Consent Items 1-2
  - Consent Public Comment
- Regular Agenda
- Adjournment









### **CEO** Report

- PCE Rate Freeze Feedback and Communications
- Minutes Backlog and Shift to Action Minutes
- Upcoming:
  - Policy 16 Board and Committee Amendments; JPA Agreement Clean Up
  - CEO/Council Briefings scheduled thus far. More to come

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    February 15 – Brisbane
    March 6 – Los Banos
    March 11 – Hillsborough
    April 1 - Burlingame
    April 23 – San Bruno
    May 13- San Carlos
    May 15 – Atherton
    August 27 - San Mateo County
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### CEO Report: Cal-CCA Activities

#### Cal-CCA Lobby Day on February 21 was a huge success!

CCA delegation of over 70 people

Key issues: Reliability/RA Concerns, Affordability/Rates, and Grid Upgrade Delays

PCE team – Shawn, Shalini and Marc met with the following Legislators:

- Governor's staff
- Senate Pro Tem Mike McGuire
- Vice Chair Senate Energy Brian Dahle
- Chief Energy Consultant, Senate Energy Cmte, Nidia Bautista
- Energy Consultant for Assembly Speaker Rivas, Chase Hopkins

#### **Local Legislators:**

Senator Josh Becker

Staff for Asm Mark Berman

Staff for Senator Anna Caballero

Asm. Esmerelda Soria

Asm. Diane Papan

#### Next Up:

- ✓ Shawn will speak at the Cal-CCA Partners Briefing on March 7
- ✓ Shawn will speak at the Cal-CCA New Legislator Briefing on March 14
- ✓ Cal-CCA Annual Conference April 16-18 in San Jose; please let us know if you would like to attend

### Legislative Update

- Sen. Mike McGuire (D-Healdsburg) became Senate Pro Tem on February 5 and subsequently appointed:
  - Senator Monique Limon (D-Santa Barbara) to the Senate Committee on Energy, Utilities, and Communications
  - Senator Catherine Blakespear (D-San Diego) to the Senate Budget Subcommittee on Resources, Environmental Protection, and Energy
- Assembly Speaker Robert Rivas expanded two committees and appointed:
  - Assemblymember Rick Zbur (D-West Hollywood) to the Assembly Committee on Utilities and Energy
  - Assemblymember Cottie Petrie-Norris (D-Irvine) to the Budget
     Subcommittee on Climate Crisis, Resources, Energy, and Transportation
- 2,124 bills were introduced in the state Legislature by the February 16 deadline
- Growing state budget deficit



# Staffing Update:

#### Welcome!

- Cyndi Lopez-Spencer our Senior HR Specialist
- Jana Kopyciok-Lande our Associate
   Director, Innovation and Strategy starting March 1st
- Ross Fisher our Associate Manager, DER Programs starting March 18th

#### **Promotions!**

- Kirsten Andrews-Schwind Associate Director, Community Relations & Climate Equity
- Hailey Wu Manager, Financial Planning & Analysis
- Carlos Moreno Senior Analyst, Energy Programs
- Michael Arnaldo Senior Specialist, Digital Marketing



# **Currently Posted Positions**

### Please help us spread the word!

- Associate Programs Manager, EV Charging (Energy Programs)
- Sr Specialist / Associate Programs Manager, Building Electrification
- Risk Manager

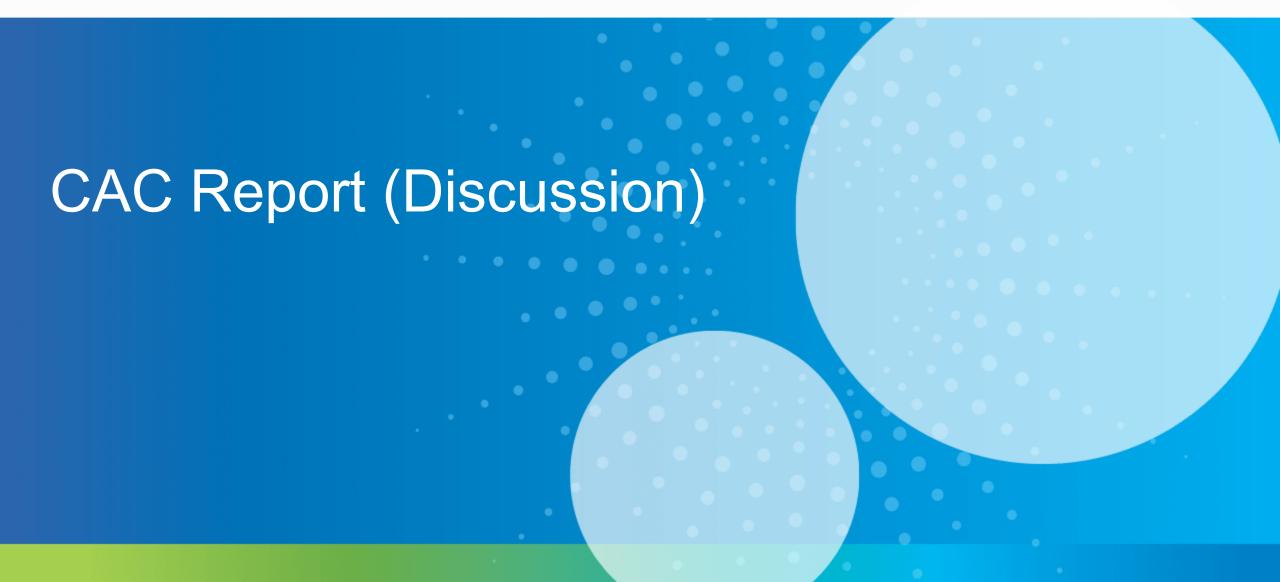


# **Upcoming Meetings**

- Audit and Finance Committee:
  - Next meeting on March 11 at 8:30 a.m.
- Executive Committee:
  - Monday, March 11 at 10:00 a.m.
- Citizens Advisory Committee:
  - Thursday, March 14 at 6:30 p.m.
- Board of Directors:
  - Thursday, March 28 at 6:30 pm









Single-Family Turnkey Electrification Installation Service

Board of Directors February 22, 2024



### Request Summary

Program: Turnkey Electrification Installation Service

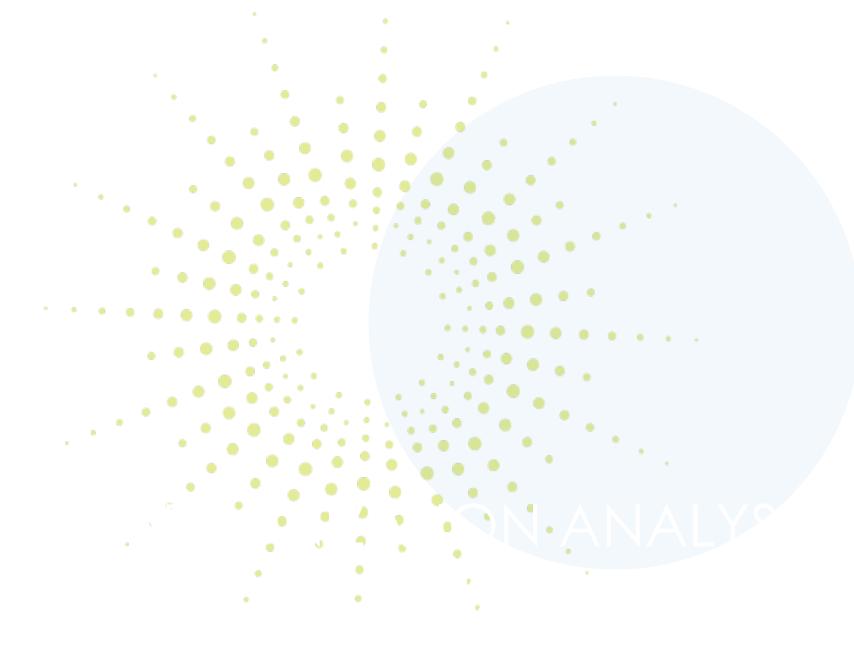
Recommendation: Delegate authority to the CEO to execute a 3-year contract with Franklin Energy for the implementation of the turnkey electrification installation service for single-family homes

Amount: Not-to-exceed \$26M over 3 years; \$24M of which are PCE funds

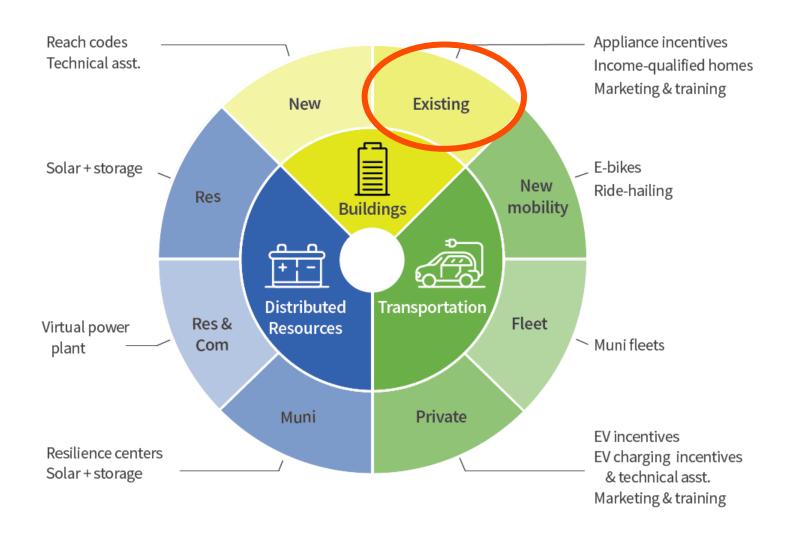
### **Presentation Overview**



# Context



# Programs Portfolio

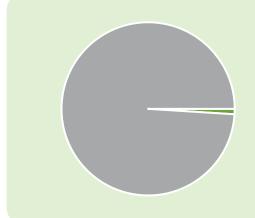


### 2035: Buildings Electrification



- 2035 Decarbonization Feasibility Assessment and Plan shows we need to rapidly scale building electrification.
- PCE is best positioned to affect change in small residential sector.
- Following program components needed to succeed:
  - 1. Flexible Incentives
  - 2. High touch support
  - 3. Links to Finance

### State of the Building Electrification Market



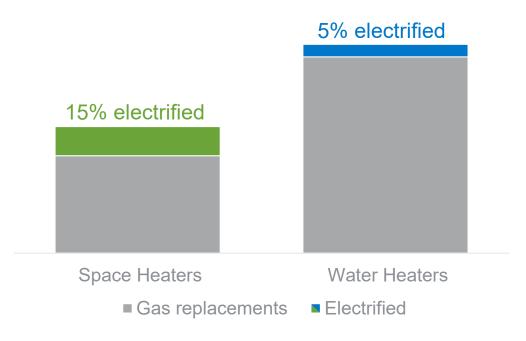
Only 1% of homes in PCE service territory are estimated to take taken any major home electrification step

Electrification rebates as a percentage of replacements in 2023

Annual small residential gas replacements

**12,000** water heaters

7,000 space heaters



# Current Building Electrification

### What We Have



**Rebates** for heat pump water heaters & heat pump HVAC



**0% loans** up to \$10k for heat pump water heaters & heat pump HVAC



Home Upgrade program: no-cost electrification & minor home repairs for income-qualified homeowners

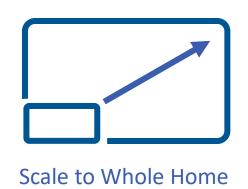
| Participants                        | Count            |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| Rebate & loan program               | 1,862            |
| Home Upgrade program                | 281              |
| Appliances installed (all programs) | Count            |
| Heat pump water heater              | 1,114            |
| Heat pump HVAC                      | 1,096            |
| Induction cooktop/range             | 75               |
| Electric dryer                      | 73               |
| Total GHG emissions avoided         | 1,660 MT<br>CO2e |

### What We Still Need

- Current program provides incentives but minimal guidance/support
- Updated services needs to address barriers customers face:
  - Emergency replacements
  - Lack of clear information
  - Difficulty selecting contractors and equipment
  - Limited time and money
  - Technically complicated installations

# Future Building Electrification

# Vision Building Electrification v2





Increase Homes Impacted per Year







### Building Electrification v2: Timeline



# Turnkey Installation Service

Service Overview & Contract

### RFP For Turnkey Installation Services

Select experienced consultant + installation contractors team to implement three suites of installation services:

Income-Qualified
No-Cost Electrification

No-cost whole-home electrification for low-income residents (Home Upgrade v2)

Market-Rate
Low-Cost Electrification

Low-cost installation services to nonincome-qualified residents (NEW) Emergency
Water Heater Replacements

Rapid replacement of failing gas water heaters with heat pump water heaters (NEW)

### RFP Detail



### **Process**

- Joint RFP with SVCE; they intend launch the same services
- Released in August, proposals due October, selection in December



### **Results**

- Received 5 proposals
- 2 shortlisted for interviews & follow up questions
- Selected Franklin Energy as the awardee

### About Franklin Energy and Team

### Franklin Energy

- Large (~1,000 employees) nation-guide energy consulting firm, very active in CA
- Experience in with electrification and energy efficiency, and working in San Mateo County

#### Contractors

- Enso: works on MCE program with Franklin. Will focus on income-qualified installs.
- Fuse Service: large Bay Area contractor experienced in electrification. Will focus on marketrate installs & emergency replacements.
- Electrify My Home: electrification-focused contractor. Will focus on market-rate installs.

#### Others

Xerohome: energy modeling software to help develop home scopes and target customers











### **Program Labor Requirements**

Prevailing wage to all installation contractors

Franklin is responsible for ensuring compliance

PCE will have the ability to audit records

### Average Electrification Costs Per Home

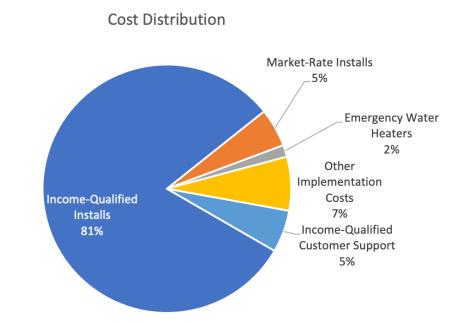
Average cost per whole-home electrification for a typical home, per Franklin contract pricing.

| Measure   | Cost     |
|---|----------|
| Heat pump water heater (65 gallon, 240V)        | \$6,350  |
| Heat pump HVAC (ducted, inverter-driven, 2 ton) | \$12,300 |
| Electric induction range                        | \$2,450  |
| Electric clothes dryer                          | \$2,000  |
| Level 1 EV-ready circuit                        | \$1,200  |
| 4 Circuits                                      | \$4,800  |
| Sub-panel                                       | \$1,600  |
| Permits & HERs test                             | \$1,000  |
| Total   | \$31,700 |
| Panel replacement, if required                  | \$6,850  |

- Contract contains detailed measures table with costs, i.e. multiple configurations for water heaters, HVAC, etc.
- Some income-qualified homes will also receive minor home repairs, light energy efficiency & resiliency measures.

### **Contract Budget Distribution**

|                                 | 3-Yr Budget  | Min. # of homes |
|---------------------------------|--------------|-----------------|
| Income-Qualified Installs       | \$21,050,000 | 575             |
| Market-Rate Installs            | \$1,300,000  | 175             |
| Emergency Water Heater Installs | \$400,000    | 127             |
| Implementation Costs            | \$3,250,000  |                 |
| Total Contract Budget           | \$26,000,000 |                 |
| PCE Funds                       | \$24,000,000 |                 |
| Menlo Park Funds                | \$2,000,000  |                 |



- Counts for income-qualified assume all homes are fully electrified; count is likely to be greater.
- Actual expenditures will be based on program uptake; market-rate and emergency water heaters are especially variable.
- Implementation costs refer to all non-installation costs including customer support, contractor oversight, admin and reporting tasks. Costs account for efficiencies/savings of joint program with SVCE.

• Menlo Park funds are entirely for Income-Qualified Installs (and associated implementation costs).

# **Contract Budget Detail**

|                                     |        | FY23-24   | FY24-25     | FY25-26     | FY26-27     | 3-Yr Total   | GHG estimated |
|-------------------------------------|--------|-----------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|---------------|
| Income-Qualified Installs           | Count  | 15        | 150         | 180         | 180         | 525          | 3,087 MT CO2e |
|                                     | Budget | \$530,000 | \$5,300,000 | \$6,700,000 | \$7,030,000 | \$19,290,000 |               |
| Market Data Installs                | Count  | 0         | 30          | 45          | 100         | 175          | 823 MT CO2e   |
| Market-Rate Installs                | Budget |           | \$185,000   | \$260,000   | \$615,000   | \$1,300,000  |               |
| Emergency Water Heater              | Count  | 0         | 20          | 40          | 67          | 127          | 238 MT CO2e   |
| Installs                            | Budget |           | \$60,000    | \$120,000   | \$190,000   | \$400,000    |               |
| Implementation Costs                | Budget | \$190,000 | \$685,000   | \$955,000   | \$1,180,000 | \$3,010,000  |               |
| Total PCE Budget                    |        | \$720,000 | \$6,230,000 | \$8,035,000 | \$9,015,000 | \$24,000,000 |               |
| Total Menlo Park Budget             |        | \$200,000 | \$1,800,000 | N/A         | N/A         | \$2,000,000  |               |
| Total Contract Not To Exceed Amount |        |           |             |             |             | \$26,000,000 | 4,148 MT CO2e |

# Request Summary

Program: Turnkey Electrification Installation Service

Recommendation: Delegate authority to the CEO to execute a 3-year contract with Franklin Energy for the implementation of the turnkey electrification installation service for single-family homes

Amount: Not-to-exceed \$26M over 3 years; \$24M of which are PCE funds



# Study Session – Project Ownership

February 22, 2024

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**Board of Directors Meeting** 

### Agenda

### Purpose

### Background

- Ownership Large Centralized Projects
- Ownership Local/Distributed Projects

#### **PCE Context**

- PCE Ownership Considerations
- PCE Ownership Pros
- PCE Ownership Cons
- Ownership v. Long-term Contracting
- Ownership Cases #1-4

### Summary & Recommended Next Steps

### Purpose

- To level-set our understanding on ownership
- To evaluate the pros and cons of ownership
- To explore different ownership scenarios
- To seek alignment on future PCE ownership efforts

#### To Own or Not to Own?

- What to own?
- Where to own?
- How to own?
- Why ownership?
- Why not ownership?
- Is ownership better than PPAs?
- Any ownership opportunities available?

# Utility Ownership – Large Centralized Projects

Project Types: Coal, Gas, Nuclear, Large Hydro, Transmission

**Characteristics:** 

| Large Scale (>100MW)                     | Higher Cost & Risk       |
|--|--------------------------|
| <ul> <li>Conventional</li> </ul>         | Not Renewable            |
| <ul> <li>Long Operating Lives</li> </ul> | Financial Upside         |
| Joint Ownership                          | Risk Sharing             |
| "Anchor Tenant"                          | \$\$ and Operating Agent |
| O&M and Fuel Management                  | Requires Expertise       |
| Major Replacements                       | Planned or Unforeseen    |
| Tax-exempt Financing                     | Available to CCAs        |

Not Applicable or No Ownership Opportunity





Peninsula Clean Energy 37

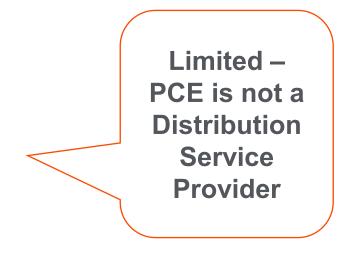
**PCE** 

# Utility Ownership – Local/Distributed Projects

Project Types: Gas Peaker, Storage, Solar, Microgrid

### Objectives/Functions:

- Maintain local reliability
- Improve grid resilience
- Other distribution level benefits
- Provide customer benefits
- Create local jobs
- Demonstrate innovation/leadership



### PCE Ownership Considerations – Where, What, How

- Location: Within service territory or anywhere in CA?
- **Technology Type:** Solar, Geothermal, Battery Storage, Long-duration Storage, New Technologies?
- Ownership Structure: Sole v. Joint ownership?
- Configuration:
- Bonding Capacity?

|                           | Function                      | Size | Location                 | Value                       |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Behind the<br>Meter (BTM) | Serving<br>Customer's<br>Load | <5MW | Within service Territory | Primarily Customer Benefits |
| Front of the Meter (FTM)  | Serving the Grid              | >5MW | Anywhere in CA           | Market<br>Revenue,<br>RA    |

# PCE Ownership (Why?) – The PROs

#### **Major Economic Factors:**

- Tax-Exempt Financing
  - Lower Cost of Capital
  - Has always been a tool for local-governments to fund capital projects
- IRA Direct Pay PCE can receive Tax Credits directly
  - Not available prior to IRA
  - Developers also benefit from Tax Credits, pass-through via PPA Prices (not fully transparent)
- Extended Value
  - Upside (if any) after the financing term

#### **Other Potential Benefits:**

- Diversify supply risks with some resources owned
- Have more control: operational, technology modification
- PCE credibility and visibility



# PCE Ownership (Why Not?) – The CONs

- 1. Development Risks: permitting, interconnection, supply chain, etc.
  - o Can we do it better or most cost-effectively than the developers?
  - Sunk Cost if project fails
- 2. Performance Risks: equipment failure, system outage, weather
  - o Can we live with limited protection on performance?
- 3. Liability & Reputational Risks: safety, fire, security, insurance requirements
  - o Can we afford to have a project failure or accident?
- 4. Additional PCE Staffing and Resources Needed:
  - Development work / Long term O&M / Financing / New compliance reporting
  - o Do we have the expertise? Or do we outsource & manage contractors?
- 5. Decommissioning Responsibility:
  - What do we do with the project after its useful life? How much it's going to cost?
- 6. Finance and Tax Credit Risk:
  - Debt impact on Rating / High Rates / Tax Benefit Uncertainties
  - Are we comfortable with taking on financing risks?

### Comparing Ownership v. Long-Term Contracts

#### **COMMON VALUES**

- Energy
- Resource Adequacy
- Environmental Attributes (REC)
- Meet Compliance
- Arbitrage (battery)
- Shaping (battery)
- Additionality
- Job Creation

|                               | Ownership     | Long Term Contracts       |
|-------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|
| Tax Exempt Financing          | Yes           | Available through Pre-pay |
| (ITC/PTC                      | 100% Captured | May not be 100%           |
| Extended Value                | Yes           | No                        |
| <b>Development Costs/Risk</b> | Yes           | On Developer              |
| Performance Risk              | Yes           | On Developer              |
| Liability Risk                | Higher        | Limited / None            |
| Staffing & G&A Costs          | Higher        | Lower                     |
| Finance Cost & Risks          | Yes           | No                        |
| O&M Expenses                  | Yes           | No                        |
| Decommissioning               | Yes           | No                        |

Ownership results in Cost Saving if:

Green Box (\$\$ costs/risks) - Red Circle (\$\$ economic values) < Total Contract Cost \$\$

# Ownership Cases #1, 2, 3

|                        | Case #1 – Large-Scale<br>Renewable & Storage   | Case #2 – Joint Ownership<br>through CC Power   | Case #3 – Customer-sited Installations (GovPV)   |
|------------------------|--|---|--|
| Size                   | >20MW  | >20MW   | < 5MW  |
| Location/Configuration | In State / FTM   | In State / FTM  | In PCE Territory / BTM   |
| Ownership              | Sole   | Joint & Build-Transfer Agmt.  | Sole   |
| Technology             | Solar, Wind, Storage   | Hybrid, Long-duration Storage   | Solar & Storage  |
| Ownership Analysis     | Only major benefit is access to tax-exempt financing;  High development, performance and liability risks;  Requires substantial staff and resources to own and operate throughout project life cycle;  Limited intangible benefits | Risk sharing opportunities  Economy of Scale  Turnkey at COD – removes development risk  Other potential values depending on the project technology | Relatively low development, performance and liability risks  Relatively low resource and staffing requirement  High and visible customer and community benefits  High repayment certainty from credible off-takers |
| Recommendation         | Not to Own<br>(consider Prepay as an alternative)  | Maybe<br>(depends on project type and<br>economics)   | Yes<br>(low-risk ownership model that<br>provides local benefits)  |

### Ownership Case #4 – Local Projects with Unique Advantages

|               | Case # 4  |
|---------------|---|
| Size          | 5-10 MW   |
| Location      | In PCE Territory                                  |
| Configuration | BTM and/or FTM                                    |
| Ownership     | Sole  |
| Technology    | Storage, Solar,<br>Microgrid, New<br>Technologies |

#### Recommendation: Maybe

Evaluate values, savings and risks on a case-by-case basis

- Grant Funding Reduces Cost
- No Cost Land Lease Reduces Cost
- CEQA-exempt sites Reduces development cost/risk/timeline
- Expedited Interconnection Reduces development cost/risk/timeline
- Branding opportunity Projects that demonstrate PCE innovation & leadership
- Significant Local Benefits
- Ideally, a combination of the above!

### Summary and Recommended Next Steps

Tax-Exempt Financing

+

Incremental ITC Direct Pay

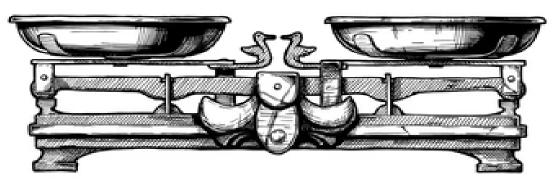
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Any Extended Value

+

Intangible Benefits

All COSTS and RISKS associated with ownership, including additional STAFFING and RESOURCES required



**Ownership Scale** 

#### **Next Steps:**

- Continue to deploy GovPV ownership;
- Assess joint ownership structure through California Community Power;
- Explore other local ownership opportunities, if any, and review economics;
- Consider Prepay opportunities to take advantage of tax-exempt financing.



